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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/079,939	02/19/2002	Leon W.M.M. Terstappen	Immu.Rapid	6526
40541 75	90 10/06/2004		EXAMINER	
IMMUNICON	CORPORATION		YU, MI	SOOK
3401 MASONS SUITE 100	MILL ROAD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
HUNTINGDON VALLEY, PA 19006			1642	
			DATE MAILED: 10/06/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/079,939	TERSTAPPEN ET AL.			
Office Acti	on Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	~	MISOOK YU, Ph.D.	1642			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to co	ommunication(s) filed on 19 Fe	ebruary 2002.				
2a) This action is FII	NAL. 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.	•			
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4a) Of the above 5) ☐ Claim(s) i 6) ☐ Claim(s) i 7) ☐ Claim(s) i	s/are rejected.	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers						
10) The drawing(s) fi Applicant may not Replacement drav	request that any objection to the ving sheet(s) including the correct	er. epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is objected. Note the attached Office	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	d (PTO-892) atent Drawing Review (PTO-948) tement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct invention: each of the molecule listed in Table XII, and claims 79 and other claims are structurally and functionally different proteins requiring different binding ligands with different structures. Those different molecules listed in Table XII and claim 79 fails *In re Harnish* test because those molecules do not share common structure.

- 1-48. Claims 1-19, 25-28, 24-54, drawn to method of assessing cancer risk by obtaining biological sample (such as blood) containing both hematopoietic cells, and non-hematopoietic cells, followed by enriching cancer cells using at least one ligand capable of binding cancer marker listed in Table XII (total 48 different markers counted by the examiner) expressed on an epithelial cancer cells, then followed by various art-known technique to count the bound cells, classified in class 435, subclass 6, and 7.23.
- 49. Claims 20, 21, and 23, drawn to a malignant cell, and a tumor vaccine classified in class 435, subclass 320.1.
- 50. Claim 22, drawn to an altered diathesis associated molecule unclassifiable due to the unknown nature of the molecule.
- 51-110. Claims 55-72, drawn to method of determining alterations in tumor diathesis associated molecules listed in 67, 68 (total 59 counted), classified in class 435, subclass 7.23.

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- 111-169. Claims 73-75, drawn to method of whole body biopsy using each of the molecules listed in claim 74 (total 59 different molecules counted), classified in class 435, subclass 7.23.
- 170. Claim 76, drawn to method for identifying alterations in a circulating tumor cells, classified in class 435, subclass 7.1.
- 171-229. Claims 77-83, drawn to kit comprising at least one binding agent for each of the cancer markers listed in claim 79 (total 59 counted), classified in class 530, subclass 387.1.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions 1-48 are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions use different reagents in order to accomplish the purpose set out in the preamble of the claims.

Inventions 49 and 50 are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are different products.

The product inventions of groups 171-229 and the method inventions of groups 51-110, 111-169, and 170 are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially

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different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the kit as claimed can be used in a materially different process of groups (51-110), (111-169), or 170, which each of the method groups have different active steps in order to accomplish the purpose set out in the preamble of the claims.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above, have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, and the search required for each group is not required for the other groups because each group requires a different non-patent literature search due to each group comprising different products and/or method steps, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be

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fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. **Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.**Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MISOOK YU, Ph.D. whose telephone number is 571-272-0839. The examiner can normally be reached on 8 A.M. to 5:30 P.M., every other Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey C Siew can be reached on 571-272-0787. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MISOOK YU, PI

Examiner
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